

Unit: 2.6Creating Pictures

Key Learning

- To learn the functions of the 2Paint a Picture tool.
- To learn about and recreate the Impressionist style of art (Monet, Degas, Renoir).
- To recreate Pointillist art and look at the work of pointillist artists such as Seurat.
- To learn about the work of Piet Mondrian and recreate the style using the lines template.
- To learn about the work of William Morris and recreate the style using the patterns template.
- To explore surrealism and eCollage.

Key Resources





Key Vocabulary

Impressionism

The impressionist movement began in the 1860s and became most popular in the 1870s and 1880s. It differed from the common art of the time because it wasn't religious art, showing scenes from religious stories or specific events, but was just intended to capture a scene at a moment. The art gave an 'impression' of the scene.

Palette

Within computer graphics, this is the range of colours or shapes available to the user.

Pointillism

Pointillism was
a development of
impressionism. It was
invented mainly by
George Seurat and
Paul Signac. Pointillist
paintings are created
by using small dots in
different colours to build
up the whole picture.
Colours are placed near
each other rather than
mixed.

Share

An instance of posting or reposting something on a social media website or application.

Surrealism

Explored the subconscious areas of the mind. The artwork often made little sense as it was usually trying to depict a dream or random thoughts.

Template

Something that serves as a model for others to copy.





Unit: 2.6Creating Pictures

Key Images



Choose the style you want to paint in



Open, Save and Share your picture



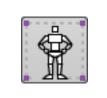
Choose a background for your picture



Undo and redo



Zoom in and Zoom out



Outline options



Eraser and colour palettes



Fill tool and pen thickness

Key Questions

What are the main features of Impressionism?

Impressionism is a style of painting that focuses on the effects of light and atmosphere on colours and forms. Impressionist artists often used broken brush strokes.

What are the main features of Pointillism?

Pointillism is a painting technique developed by the artist George Seurat. It involves using small, painted dots to create areas of colour that together form a pattern or picture.

What are the main features of Surrealism?

Surrealistic art is characterized by dream-like visuals, the use of symbolism and collage images. Several prominent artists came from this movement, including Renee Magritte, Salvador Dali, and Max Ernst.





Unit: 2.7Making Music

Key Learning

- To make music digitally using 2Sequence.
- To explore, edit and combine sounds using 2Sequence.
- To edit and refine composed music.
- To think about how music can be used to express feelings and create tunes which depict feelings.
- To upload a sound from a bank of sounds into the Sounds section.
- To record and upload environmental sounds into Purple Mash.
- To use these sounds to create tunes in 2Sequence.

Key Resources





2Sequence

Key Vocabulary

bpm

The number of beats played in a minute.

Composition

A creative work, especially a poem or piece of music.

Digitally

By means of digital or computer technology.

Instrument

An object or device for producing musical sounds.

Music

Vocal or instrumental sounds (or both) played alone or combined.

Sound Effects (Sfx)

A sound other than speech or music made artificially for use in a play, film, or piece of music.

Soundtrack

A recording of the musical accompaniment of a film.

Tempo

The speed at which a passage of music is, or should be, played.

Volume

How loud a piece of music is.





Unit: 2.7Making Music

Key Images



Open, save and share a piece of your music



Changes the beats per minute in the music



Change the number of quavers in the music



Increase or decrease the volume of an instrument



Loop or unloop the piece of music



Choose the digital instrument to use



Play the composed tune



Delete the music

Key Questions

What is meant by digital music?

Digital music is made using a computer or other device. Digital music allows the computer to copy the sound made by instruments and combine them together to make a piece of music.

How can I change how my music sounds?

You can change how your digital music sounds in many ways. One way is to increase the tempo of the music or vary the volume of each instrument in the piece.

What is it meant by the tempo of the music?

Tempo is measured in BPM, or beats per minute. One beat every second is 60 BPM.

