

# Geography

All children – regardless of gender, starting point or background – will have the opportunity to engage with a high-quality geography education. They will be equipped with the knowledge, skills and vocabulary to understand about diverse places, people, resources and natural and human environments. Together with a deep understanding of the earth's key physical and human processes, we will provide children with explanations of how the earth's features are shaped over time. We intend to inspire a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about geography.

## World Study - South America

Autumn 1

### Igniting Prior Knowledge:

Year 1 (World Study – UK & Africa Comparison)

- A continent is a large solid area of land.
- Europe is a continent. We live in Europe.
- Oceans are large areas of sea.
- England is part of a big island surrounded by seas and the Atlantic Ocean.
- Different places include human features (things made by humans) e.g. house, town, harbour, canal, shop and physical features (things made by nature) e.g. weather, rivers, oceans,
- mountains, forests.

Year 2 (World Study)

- World Study (UK & Australia Comparison – Oceans and Continents)
- The five oceans are the Atlantic, Arctic, Indian, Pacific and the Southern Ocean.
- The equator is an invisible line that runs around the centre of the earth.
- The weather changes in different parts of the world. Where there are similar weather patterns this is known as a climate.

### New Knowledge:

- South America is located below North America and it has 12 countries, including Brazil, Chile and Argentina
- Important features of South America include (but are not limited to) the Amazon River, The Amazon Rainforest, Angel Falls, The Andes.
- Brazil is a vast country located in South America.
- A region is a specific area that has common features. London is a region within the UK. Rio De Janeiro is a region in Brazil.
- There are many physical features in Brazil, e.g. mountains, rivers, waterfalls.
- There are many human features in Brazil, e.g. Statue of Christ the Redeemer.
- Brazil faces the Atlantic Ocean and is bordered by 10 countries including Uruguay and Peru.
- Brazil is very culturally diverse. (Focus on Brazil)
- Some people are forced from their native lands (e.g. Jemmy Button). This is known as involuntary displacement.
- The Amazon River has been an important trade and transport route throughout history.
- Thematic maps can tell us about the geography of a location.

### Key Vocabulary:

- Settlement
- Amazon River
- Amazon Rainforest
- Culturally diverse
- Native
- Involuntary displacement
- Continent
- Human features
- Physical features

