# **History**



All children – regardless of gender, starting point or background – will have the opportunity to engage with a high-quality history education. They will be equipped with the knowledge, skills and vocabulary to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments and develop perspective and judgement, to provide an understanding of chronology, knowledge of significant individuals and events. We intend to inspire a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about history.

### **British Empire - The Civil War**

#### **Summer 1**

#### **Igniting Prior Knowledge:**

Year 3 (Roman Empire)

- An empire is a region controlled by an Emperor.
- Countries build empires mainly to achieve power or wealth.
- The Roman Empire made its mark on Britain and even today, the ruins of Roman buildings, forts, roads and baths can be found.
- The Romans invaded other countries too and the empire covered much of Europe, North Africa and the Middle East

## Key Vocabulary:

- Civil war
- Parliament
- Royalist
- Cavaliers
- Reliable
- Parliamentarians
- Roundheads
- Conflict
- Interpretations

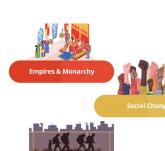
### New Knowledge:

- Some evidence/sources of information are more reliable than others.
- When we write history, we need to create interpretations of the past, based on evidence.
- Inferences are drawn from a variety of primary sources to create interpretations of the past.
- A civil war is conflict between people in the same country.
- In 1629, King Charles I dismissed parliament and resolved to rule alone.
- Parliament was similar to democracy in the Ancient Greek times as it also made decision by majority votes.
- King Charles attempted to stop democracy in Britain leading to the English Civil War, which started in 1642.
- He ignored parliament, collected taxes that people felt were unreasonable and arrested MP's.
- The parliamentarians were known as Roundheads and the Royalists were known as the Cavaliers
- The execution of King Charles I took place in 1649. His son, Charles II escaped to France and Oliver Cromwell was made Lord Protector. There were a series of conflicts, including the battle of Nantwich which took place in 1644.









#### Where does it fit in?

Stone Age 30,000 BC - 2,000 BC Iron Age 1200 BC - 600 BC Ancient Greek Empire 800BC - 500BC

British Tudor Empire 1485 - 1603

**LOWER KEY STAGE 2** 

Bronze Age 3300 BC - 1200 BC

Ancient Egypt 3150 BC - 30 BC

British Roman Empire 43 - 410 AD British Empire The Civil War 1642-1651